Study UK

Guide for Student Advisors in Europe





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Introduction

A UK education opens doors, wherever students want to go in the world. From the world-recognised universities to the innovative teaching approach and the leading minds who deliver it, the UK has what students need to reach their potential.

The UK has been the preferred choice for some of the most important minds in history. One in four world leaders has studied in the UK, so if your students are dreaming of achieving big things, they can be sure they are in the right place in the UK.

Why study in the UK

A high standard of education

The UK's academic reputation is world-renowned. Built on a heritage that is now centuries old, the UK's approach to education applies the very latest learning theory through universities that routinely top international tables. UK universities' varied teaching methods produce successful, versatile graduates who are sought-after by employers around the world.

World-ranked universities

The UK has been a leader in academia for centuries. It's routinely home to **two of the world's top three universities** (with a further 26 ranked among the global top 200) and has one of the most diverse subject offerings in the world. Thanks to rich traditions of critical thinking and academic rigour, more than one in three undergraduate students who study in the UK **obtain a first-class degree**.

Quality that is government-guaranteed

The UK's 162 higher education institutions are all held to strict standards by the government, so students know they are getting the best teaching, support and resources available.



Innovative teaching methods

UK universities combine traditional lectures with a variety of teaching techniques, designed to encourage independent thinking, problem-solving skills and self-motivation. Students studying STEM subjects work in small groups to solve real-life problems similar to those they might face in their future career, be it in the classroom, the lab or on field trips. Students in the humanities take part in active small-group seminars to discuss texts and concepts in detail.

World-leading research

The UK is a global powerhouse in its research across all disciplines. With so many universities at the cutting edge of ideas, discoveries and emerging technologies, students graduate with insights and experience that are in high demand around the world.

The consistent high quality of education in the UK has made it a firm favourite with international students all over the world and a key part of its quality is its commitment to research. Building on an extraordinary heritage of new discoveries, UK universities continue to be globally recognised for their commitment to research. The UK is routinely amongst the top five countries in the world for published scientific research.

The UK's field-weighted citation impact is higher than the US, Canada, Germany, Japan and Brazil, so anyone studying science in the UK can be sure they will be working alongside some of the best minds – and using some of the best technology – in the world.



Tailormade courses

It is not just the world-recognised universities that make the UK a top choice for international students. Courses in the UK are tailormade to help students get the most out of their studies. Humanities courses offer students the chance to think boldly, challenge narratives and make connections across disciplines.

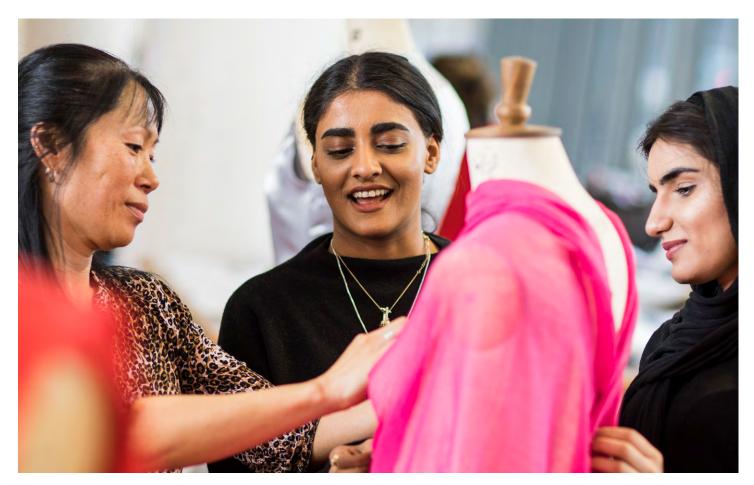
From the traditional to the cutting edge – whatever they want to study, students in the UK are sure to find a course that provides them with the understanding, experience and skills they need to pursue their dream career.

Built-in flexibility

In the UK, flexibility is built into the majority of university courses. Many universities allow students to choose from different subject 'modules', so a course programme that suits the individual student can be designed.

Encouragement to think differently

The UK's education system doesn't just immerse students in their chosen subject – it is designed to help them to think differently. Throughout their studies they are encouraged to enter into discussions with their lecturers and fellow students, and be creative as well as critical as they contribute their own ideas through a blend of lectures, seminars and practical work.



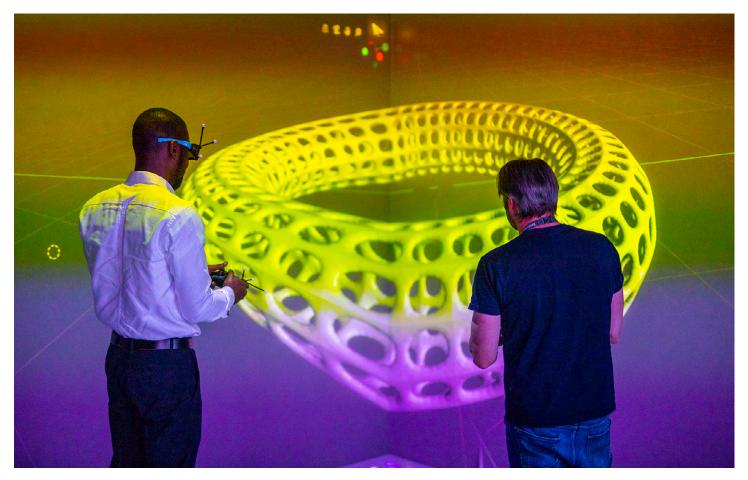
Brilliant teachers

Behind our brilliant research are brilliant thinkers, some of the best minds in their fields whom students can connect with throughout their studies. Many professors in the UK are industry leaders, helping to connect students with the latest research and practices in their chosen subject. And as 20 per cent of academic staff in the UK are from overseas, students have a wealth of international experience to draw on during their studies.

The impact of UK universities' supportive and inspiring teaching is evident in the feedback received from graduates. In Universities UK International's International Graduate Outcomes report, 90% of international students said they were satisfied with their learning and support experience at university. The quality of undergraduate teaching is also regularly assessed by the UK government through the Teaching Excellence Framework (TEF). Universities can achieve Gold, Silver and Bronze levels in the TEF, giving students the assurance of the quality of teaching they will receive.

State-of-the-art technology

At UK universities students can develop their skills using state-of-the-art technology. With the very latest equipment and IT ready to use across a range of subjects, they can pursue their own research in some of the most sophisticated environments available anywhere.



Research grounded in the real world

With one of the best reputations in the world for industry collaboration, academic theories from UK institutions are applied rigorously in the real world to test their relevance and impact. And the UK has a long culture of making discoveries that really do change the world – 38 per cent of Nobel Laureates who studied abroad chose to do so in the UK.

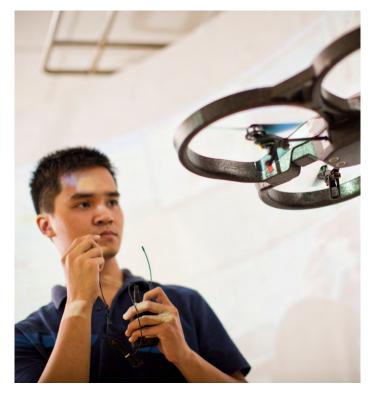
Career opportunities

As well as connecting students with ambitious like-minded students from the UK and abroad, UK courses offer lots of ways for students to take their first steps into the world of work. UK institutions cultivate relationships both in STEM and the creative industries, allowing students to get practical experience in their field with world-leading organisations, and make connections to give their career an edge. Students can undertake work and volunteering placements, internships and opportunities to gain professional accreditation, as well as gain tailored advice through universities' dedicated careers offices. Professional careers advisors are available throughout a course of study to give guidance on interview preparation, writing a CV and developing a skillset for a particular industry. The QS global survey of graduate employers consistently shows that UK degrees are highly valued worldwide, with UK universities topping the QS employer reputation ranking.

Qualifying sooner

Postgraduate courses in the UK are shorter than in both the US and Australia, with many courses taking just one full year, providing value for money and ensuring that applying knowledge in the real world can begin sooner.





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Choosing the right course / University

Higher education institutions in the UK are either degree-awarding ('recognised bodies', called universities and colleges) or non-degree awarding but provide bridging courses for entry into a degreeawarding programme ('listed bodies').

Recognised bodies: Universities and Colleges

There are 162 universities and colleges across the UK that offer study programmes in all fields, at both undergraduate and postgraduate levels. Recognised bodies are permitted to award students bachelor's, master's and doctoral degrees, as well as selected other higher education awards depending on the nature of the institution.

For a list of recognised bodies, please see www.gov.uk/check-a-university-is-officially-recognised/recognised-bodies



Listed bodies & other institutions

Whilst these institutions do not have the power to award degrees, they offer a number of vocational and bridging programmes that may lead directly to employment, a degree programme or focus on developing a specific, technical skill. For a list of listed bodies, please see www.gov. uk/check-a-university-is-officially-recognised/listed-bodies.

Undergraduate studies

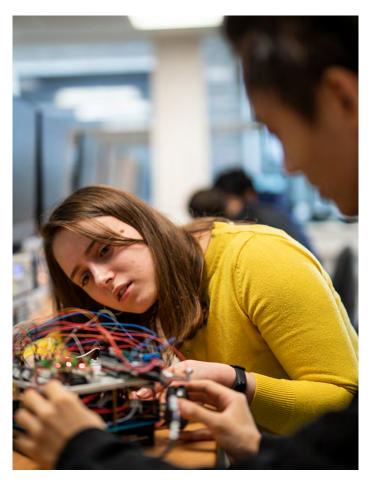
For international undergraduates looking to kick-start their career, the UK offers far more than just a world-class education. With a wide range of learning experiences inside and outside the lecture hall or laboratory, students will graduate with the confidence, skills and knowledge to shape their future.

UK undergraduate course types include:

- Bachelor's or undergraduate degree: BA (Bachelor of Arts), BSc (Bachelor of Science), LLB (Bachelor of Law), BEd (Bachelor of Education) and BEng (Bachelor of Engineering).
- Shorter courses: Foundation Degree, Diploma of Higher Education, Higher National Diploma, and Certificate of Higher Education.

A full-time bachelor's degree normally takes three years to complete in England, Wales and Northern Ireland, and four years in Scotland. Part-time options are also available at some universities and colleges.





Study UK Guide for Student Advisors in Europe

Searching for a suitable course

UCAS lists more than 50,000 undergraduate courses with over 380 providers in the UK, which you and your students can search for here: https://digital.ucas.com/search

Subject guides also give an insight into the courses that students can study at undergraduate level, what they involve, and how to enroll: https://www.ucas.com/explore Students can also use the University finder on the Study UK website to search for a course: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/find/university

Postgraduate studies

With the UK's exceptional academic standards, progressive teaching techniques and globally respected research practices, it is understandable that so many international postgraduates choose to study in the UK.

UK postgraduate course types include:

- Master's degrees: MA (Master of Arts), MSc (Master of Science), subject-specific qualifications, including MEng (Master of Engineering), MFA (Master of Fine Arts), LLM (Master of Laws), MArch (Master of Architecture), and MPhil (Master of Philosophy), which are research-led and usually designed for students to progress to a PhD.
- MBA courses
- PhDs or doctorates



- Postgraduate diplomas and certificates: Usually shorter than a master's and do not involve a thesis or dissertation.
- Professional and vocational qualifications: most awards involve practical training.

A full-time master's degree usually takes one year (taught master's) or two years (research master's) to complete. Part-time options are also available at some universities.

Searching for a suitable course

Students can find details about postgraduate courses, master's degrees, MBA courses, PhD study options, postgraduate diplomas and certificates, law qualifications and teacher training options on the Prospects website: www.prospects.ac.uk/postgraduate-courses Students can also use the University finder on the Study UK website to search for a postgraduate course: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/find/university

Other options

As well as undergraduate and postgraduate study, the UK offers many other opportunities to international students:

- Further education: This refers to education after compulsory secondary school that is not an undergraduate or postgraduate degree. Further education institutions in the UK provide technical and professional education and training to people over the age of 16. Qualifications and training include A-Levels, apprenticeships, traineeships, vocational qualifications and entry level training.
- Foundation pathway courses: These are designed for international students to improve their English skills and develop the confidence to start undergraduate or postgraduate study. They provide the opportunity to adjust to the UK's culture and get used to university teaching.
- English language courses: As the home of the English language and with a reputation for academic excellence, the UK is the perfect destination to learn English.

Studying for a UK degree outside the UK

Your students can also gain a UK higher education qualification in their own country. There are various transnational education (TNE) options for them to choose from, including online courses and joint degrees. To find out more about studying for a UK degree outside the UK, visit https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/plan-studies/ways-learning/degree-outside-uk

To find out more about course information and other UK study options, visit https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/options/find-course

How to apply

Undergraduate studies

Applying for an undergraduate degree in the UK is very simple. Students don't need to get in touch with lots of universities – they can apply for up to five courses at once through the Universities and Colleges Admissions Service (UCAS) for a small administration fee and UCAS handles everything else.

Register with UCAS

Students can register on the UCAS website where they will complete an application form.

Students must then write a personal statement. This is their chance to stand out from the crowd by explaining why they are interested in the course, the skills they have that make them suitable, and their life experiences and achievements.

Students also need to include a written reference from someone who can confirm their ability to do the course, such as a tutor or one of their school teachers.





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Application deadlines

There are four application deadlines throughout the year:

October

For courses at the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, or for most courses in medicine, veterinary medicine/science and dentistry.

15 January

Deadline for most undergraduate courses

March

For some art and design courses

30 June

Late deadline for most undergraduate courses.

Applications received after this deadline will automatically go into "clearing", so students will not be guaranteed their first choice.



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Accepting an offer

UCAS will contact students directly with offers from their chosen universities or colleges. If their offer is 'unconditional', the course is confirmed. Some offers are conditional – usually this means the offer is confirmed as long as they achieve certain results in their current studies or in English language tests.

What is Clearing?

Clearing is the system employed by UCAS and UK universities at the end of the academic year to fill course places that haven't been taken. Every year thousands of places are allocated this way. Clearing is ideal for students who have missed out on the grades they were hoping for – or who got better grades than they expected – but it also helps anyone who has changed their mind about what they want to study.

For more information about clearing visit the UCAS website: https://www.ucas.com/undergraduate/results-confirmation-and-clearing/what-clearing

For more information about applying for undergraduate courses in the UK, visit https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/plan-studies/apply/undergraduate



Postgraduate studies

Almost all UK universities handle their own postgraduate applications and they are done directly through their websites. Not all postgraduate courses have a fixed application deadline. However, it is always best to apply early to secure the best chance of being accepted – from six months to a year before the course begins.

For more information about applying for postgraduate courses in the UK, visit https://study-uk. britishcouncil.org/plan-studies/apply/postgraduate and www.prospects.ac.uk

Qualifications

Applicants can check the equivalence of their country's qualifications with those in the UK by contacting the National Recognition Information Centre - www.enic.org.uk or by contacting the university of their choice.

Personal Statement

The applicant will be required to provide a personal statement as part of the application. This document is the applicant's opportunity to explain why they would like to study their chosen subject, and to outline the skills and experience that make them well suited to this field.



Students should be mindful of the following things:

- The course description on the university website explains the qualifications, skills and experience it requires. The student's profile is expected to match each of these course requirements.
- Why are they interested in applying for their chosen course? They should be specific about which aspects interest them most, how they engage with the subject in the classroom and in their private reading, and how they believe the course will help them in their future ambitions.
- As well as explaining why they are academically suited to the course, students should also describe any work experience they have undertaken and any extra-curricular activities they take part in.

For more advice on writing a personal statement, please visit www.ucas.com/undergraduate/applying-university/writing-your-personal-statement

Find out more information on the Study UK website https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/find/how-to-apply



Reference

The applicant will also be required to provide a reference as part of their application. This is usually written by a teacher or careers counsellor. It should include the following:

- The suitability of the student for their chosen subject, their attitude, motivation and commitment to studying
- The student's career goals and work experience
- The student's predicted grades
- With the student's permission, any circumstances that have affected the student's work or achievements e.g. illness, challenges with learning

For detailed advice on writing a reference for a student, please visit www.ucas.com/advisers/references

Additional documents and information

All supportive education documents must be submitted to the university. These include any secondary education awards, a previous university degree/transcript and an English language certificate. For admission to certain courses such as Architecture or Fine Arts, the submission of a portfolio is also required; other courses such as Literature may require a sample of a written essay.

We advise students to contact their chosen universities directly in order to understand what their policy is on this issue and to comply accordingly.





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Visas – for EU and international students

Student visas and the Graduate Route visa

Most international students need a student visa to study in the UK. Finding out whether they need a visa to study is easy, by checking the UK government website. Their visa will allow them to live and study in the UK for the duration of their course.

Visitor Route

If students plan to study in the UK at an accredited institution for less than six months, they can do this as a visitor. Many students (including those from the European Union and other eligible countries) won't need a visa for courses lasting less than six months.

Student visa (previously Tier 4 visa)

It is likely that students will need to apply for a student visa to study in the UK. Most non-EU students will need a visa for all study in the UK, and EU students will need a visa for all study that lasts longer than six months. Students can check here if they need a student visa for their studies: www.gov.uk/check-uk-visa

There is a charge to apply for this visa from outside the UK, the details of which can be found here: www.gov.uk/student-visa



Applying for a student visa

Students over 16 who wish to study a course at higher education level in the UK lasting longer than six months, will need to apply for a student visa through the **Student Route**.

Students applying for a student visa will need to complete the following steps:

- Step 1: Apply to the chosen university (or universities) and receive an offer.
- Step 2: Once they have received their offer, and have accepted it, the university will give them a document called a Certificate of Acceptance of Studies (or CAS)
- Step 3: Once students have a CAS, they can begin the visa application process. Students can apply for a visa up to six months before the course starts. They will need to pay an application fee and have a current passport.
- European students from an EU country, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway or Switzerland, can use the UK Immigration: ID Check app on a smartphone to complete the identity stage of their application.
- Step 4: As part of the application, they will need to pay an Immigration Health Surcharge. This gives access to the UK's National Health Service. Students receive a 25 per cent discount on the usual cost. Students who have a European Health Insurance Card (EHIC), can apply for a refund of the cost of the Immigration Health Surcharge if they do not work during their studies. Further information can be found here.
- Step 5: As part of a student visa application, students may need to prove their knowledge of the English language. Different universities have different requirements, so make sure you check what form of English language evidence you will need with your university.
- Step 6: Students will need to complete their application and have it accepted before they arrive in the UK.

The university will provide students with advice about their visa application, so they shouldn't be afraid to reach out for support. Some universities have dedicated immigration advisors that are on hand to support international students with their visa application.

How long will it take to get a student visa?

The UK's Visas and Immigration service aims to process student visas within 15 working days. Students are recommended to prepare and apply for their visa well in advance. It is possible to make an application from up to six months before the student intends to travel.

How to apply

- The student must apply online for a student visa, at www.gov.uk/student-visa/apply
- They will need to confirm their identity, either with the 'UK Immigration: ID Check' app or have their fingerprints and photograph taken at a visa application centre (to get a biometric residence permit).
- They will have to collect their biometric residence permit within 10 days of when they said they would arrive in the UK (even if they actually arrive at a later date).

For more information on applying for a student visa, go to www.gov.uk/student-visa/apply





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Immigration health surcharge

To gain access to the UK's National Health Service (NHS), students are required to pay an immigration health surcharge as part of their visa application fee.

Full-time students in UK higher education holding a European Health Insurance Card (EHIC) issued by an EU member state can claim a refund of the immigration health surcharge payment. To be eligible for the refund, students must not work during their studies and use their EU EHIC for medically necessary healthcare during their studies. More information is available on the following website: www.gov.uk/healthcare-immigration-application/refunds

EU students who are coming to study in the UK for less than six months (and therefore do not require a visa) will not be required to pay the Immigration Health Surcharge – they can access medically necessary healthcare in the UK using their EU-issued EHIC.

Graduate Route

The UK's Graduate Route allows international students to apply to stay in the UK and work, or look for work, upon graduation. International students who have successfully completed an undergraduate or master's degree have the option to apply to stay in the UK for up to two years. PhD graduates can apply to stay for up to three years.

The Graduate Route is unsponsored, which means they can use their time after they graduate to work, or look for work, at any skill level. They will have the flexibility to gain work experience, undertake an internship or work as a freelancer in the UK. Once they have found suitable employment, they'll have the opportunity to switch to a skilled work route and remain in the UK after their two or three years have come to an end.

Learn more about the Graduate Route on GOV.UK

For advice on working in the UK after completing studies, visit UKCISA's website

Course fees

Fees for UK courses vary depending on your study level and where in the UK you are studying.

International students can expect to pay between £10,000 and £26,000 annually, and typically undergraduate degree courses in England, Wales and Northern Ireland will last for three years. Most undergraduate degree courses in Scotland last four years.

Some degrees will last longer wherever you study - for example medicine - and may cost more. That said, many master's degrees in the UK can be completed in one year full-time, meaning lower living costs and faster entry into employment than possible in a traditional two-year master's programme.

Students should check the cost of course fees with the university or college they are applying to. Most often, this information will be listed on their website.



Scholarships and financial support

There are hundreds of scholarships, bursaries and grant schemes on offer for students who need extra support to pay for their UK course. Many institutions offer their own scholarships and bursaries – students should check the specific university's website for more information.

Scholarships for EU students

Many universities are offering tuition support packages for EU students and exploring the possibility of offering specific scholarships for EU students, or broadening the eligibility of the current scholarships they offer. We recommend that EU students get in touch with the International Office at their university of choice to find out more. Find out more here: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/scholarships/great-scholarships

Scholarships for non-EU students

GREAT Scholarships

GREAT Scholarships are for international students (non-EU) who want to study at a UK university for a one-year postgraduate course. Each scholarship offers a minimum of £10,000 towards tuition fees.

The scholarships are jointly funded by the British Council, the GREAT Campaign, and participating UK higher education institutions.

Find out more here: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/scholarships/great-scholarships

You can search for the right scholarship for you on the course and scholarships finder here: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/scholarships-funding





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Global scholarships

Students can apply for any of the following scholarships, provided they are appropriate for their course:

- Chevening Scholarship: Postgraduate scholarships from the UK government aimed at students with potential as future leaders: www.chevening.org
- Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan: Postgraduate scholarships for nationals of Commonwealth countries, funded by the UK government and intended to support individuals who will subsequently make a contribution to the development of their home country: https://cscuk.fcdo.gov.uk/apply

Country-specific scholarships and funding

There are many different scholarships available, some of which depend on where you are from.

For more information please check with scholarship providers in your country and visit https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/scholarships



University accommodation

Most universities and colleges have their own accommodation office, and this should be the first place that students go to ask about accommodation. Most institutions provide accommodation for international students in a hall of residence (either full-board or self-catering) or a self-catering shared house or flat. Space is usually limited, so applications for such accommodation should be made as soon as the student has been accepted onto their course and certainly before the required deadline.

Private accommodation

The accommodation office at each university or college may be able to help with finding private accommodation too. The office may keep lists of private accommodation available in the area, and some offices may also be able to help students arrange a booking.

The most usual type of private accommodation is a room in a house with shared facilities. Renting a furnished house or a flat is likely to be expensive, especially in city centres, but a good way for students to make this affordable is to share with other students. If students do this, they should agree beforehand with their housemates about how they will share costs.

UKCISA (UK Council for International Student Affairs) provides more detail on finding suitable housing whilst living in the UK: www.ukcisa.org.uk/Information--Advice/Preparation-and-Arriv-al/Planning-your-housing





Study UK Guide for Student Advisors in Europe

Food

Food is near the top of the list of things that students might miss when they are away from home, but it can be one of the best things about living in the UK. An increasing number of UK supermarkets offer international food products, and so students will be able to source ingredients for their favourite dishes. And by living with people from all backgrounds and cultures, students often have the opportunity to try lots of different cuisines.

The restaurant scene in the UK is thriving, and increasingly diverse. Pubs are also popular social destinations for many university and college students in the UK. Students do not have to drink alcohol to go to a pub – there are lots of non-alcoholic drinks on offer, and many pubs also have food and entertainment such as karaoke, screenings of football matches, or pub quizzes (weekly events where you compete as a team).

An average weekly food shop for one costs around $\pm 20-30$, although students will always find a selection of supermarkets with plenty of choice and for different budgets.

Universities often have the option of catered halls where breakfast and dinner are provided for students from Monday to Friday. It makes life a lot easier having meals ready and made when students need them, and it can be a sociable time.



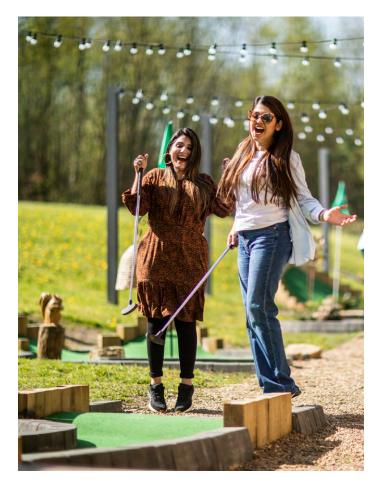
Leisure time

On campus, the students' union organises all kinds of social functions and there are many clubs and societies that students can join.

For students interested in arts and culture, the UK is packed with museums, theatres and other cultural attractions. Some of the world's largest music venues and events are in the UK, such as the O2 Arena in London and the world-famous Glastonbury Festival, but many world-renowned artists and bands also play at UK universities and colleges, and small bars and cafés often host live music and dancing.

Almost every town has a cinema with films from around the world. Hollywood releases are easy to find, but major cities also have cinemas specialising in foreign and independent films, and universities often have a student cinema that shows films on campus at student-friendly prices.

For students keen on sport, the UK offers a range of ways to explore this passion. There are clubs and societies at university for a huge range of sports, even very unusual ones! Whether it's global team sports, like football, or individual sports like athletics, students find ways to compete in and celebrate the sports they care most about alongside their studies.





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UK weather and clothing

Although UK weather is unpredictable, it is rarely extreme. In summer, the average temperature ranges from 9–18 degrees Celsius, although on occasion, it can reach above 30 degrees Celsius in a heatwave. In winter, the average is between 2 and 7 degrees Celsius, but temperatures can drop below 0 degrees Celsius. Most houses, buildings, trains and buses have good heating systems. In general, there is little difference between the regions of the UK, but you will experience more snow, rain and wind in northern and mountainous areas.

Most UK towns and cities have a large range of shops selling clothes to suit all styles and budgets. You will see all kinds of fashion at UK schools, colleges and universities, and almost anything goes. Students usually dress casually during the day – and more smartly if they're going out in the evening. Very few student bars and pubs have a dress code.

Some courses require students to wear specialist clothing for health and safety, such as protective glasses, shoes and lab coats. Some universities will provide these, while others may require students to purchase their own.

The UK is a multi-cultural place and it is common for people to wear clothing associated with their culture and religion, for example a head scarf, kippah, turban, sari or long skirt. In major towns and cities, specialist shops selling particular items of clothing are easy to find.



Explore the UK

From bustling cities to snow-capped mountains, rolling green hills to highlands and islands, the UK is beautiful, and exploring it is a must. Its relatively small size and good transport links mean that it is possible to cover a lot of ground. Some highlights include London with its fascinating history, iconic buildings, cutting-edge fashion, theatre and food; northern cities like Manchester, Liverpool, Sheffield and York, which are well known for their culture and nightlife; Scotland's stunning mix of wild beauty and buzzing cities; the stunning landscapes of Wales' national parks; and the spectacular coastline of Northern Ireland.

For more information about exploring the UK visit www.visitbritain.com/gb





Health and safety

With one of the best healthcare systems in in the world, globally respected policing and low crime rates, studying in the UK is exceptionally safe and secure. In addition, many institutions have their own security services who patrol campuses. Universities and colleges will usually provide students with information on staying safe on campus.

The UK's NHS (National Health Service) is one of the world's most advanced healthcare systems, offering safe and modern treatment.

To gain access to the NHS, students will be required to pay an immigration health surcharge as part of their visa application fee.

Full-time students in UK higher education holding a European Health Insurance Card (EHIC) issued by an EU member state can claim a refund of the immigration health surcharge payment. To be eligible for the refund, students must not work during their studies and use their EU EHIC for medically necessary healthcare during their studies. More information is available on the following website: www.gov.uk/healthcare-immigration-application/refunds

EU students who are coming to study in the UK for less than 6 months (and therefore do not require a visa) will not be required to pay the Immigration Health Surcharge – they can access medically necessary healthcare in the UK using their EU-issued EHIC.





Equality and Diversity in the UK

Religion in the UK

As an open, inclusive and multi-faith society, students of all religions can expect to feel welcome in the UK and find plenty of places to practise their faith. With a history of multi-culturalism dating back hundreds of years, the UK has well-established communities representing all major religions, and a deep commitment to supporting students' religious needs on campus. Many British universities have officially-designated representatives across multiple faiths and religions who are able to introduce students to their local community.

Generally, UK universities avoid scheduling compulsory activities during religious holidays for students whose commitment to the observance of their faith would otherwise cause them to miss assessment or other activities. University policies offer flexibility to students if the observance of a religious holiday prevents a student from attending class or completing an assignment, if agreed with a lecturer in advance.



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Disability and special needs

UK universities provide excellent support facilities for students who have disabilities and other additional tailored support for students who need it. Students should contact the disability support office on campus early in the application process to ensure that the university has the resources and capabilities to meet their particular needs.

The Disability Discrimination Act 1995 prohibits education and training providers discriminating against disabled people. Universities are required to make reasonable adjustments to serve disabled students, so they are not at a substantial disadvantage.

There are a number of UK scholarships and financial support schemes for international students with disabilities and special educational needs. These schemes may be run by UK or international governments, charities or businesses – or by specific UK universities, colleges and schools themselves.

Find out more about general scholarships and financial support. https://study-uk.britishcouncil. org/scholarships-funding

LGBTQIA+ culture in the UK

UK universities are inclusive organisations and do not discriminate on the grounds of sexual orientation or gender identity. There are LGBTQIA+ communities at most UK universities. Some institutions offer support groups and host events for their LGBTQIA+ communities.

There are a number of laws in the UK that prohibit discrimination on the basis of gender identity and sexual orientation, and universities must adhere with that law. The UK is proud to be a very inclusive society in every way.



Study UK – useful links

To find out more about studying in the UK, here are some helpful websites:

General information

Study UK website: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org

Study UK Facebook page: www.facebook.com/StudyUK.BritishCouncil

UK Council for International Student Affairs – UKCISA: www.ukcisa.org.uk

Office for Students: www.officeforstudents.org.uk

The National Recognition Information Centre for the United Kingdom: www.enic.org.uk

Find a university: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/find/university#/

Subject finder: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/plan-studies/choosing-course/subjects

Sign up to the Study UK newsletter: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/newsletter

Scholarships: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/scholarships

Student visas

For information and guidance: www.gov.uk/visas-immigration

For Visa Application Centre (VAC) information: www.vfsglobal.co.uk/en

Study UK website: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/moving-uk/student-visas

Quality Assurance / Ranking

Choosing a university: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/find/choosing-university

The Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education: www.qaa.ac.uk/en

Teaching Excellence Framework: www.officeforstudents.org.uk/advice-and-guidance/teaching/previous-tef-ratings/

Research Excellence Framework: www.ref.ac.uk

Moving to the UK

Moving to the UK for study: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/moving-uk

EU student advice: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/moving-uk/eu-student-advice Living in the UK: https://study-uk.britishcouncil.org/moving-uk/finding-somewhere-live UK Council for International Students: www.ukcisa.org.uk

British Council offices in Europe

Country website

Contact

Email (*)

Bulgaria	www.britishcouncil.bg	
Croatia	www.britishcouncil.hr	
Cyprus	www.britishcouncil.com.cy	contact.education@cy.britishcouncil.org
Czech Republic	www.britishcouncil.cz	info@britishcouncil.cz
France	www.britishcouncil.fr	
Germany	www.britishcouncil.de	studyuk.germany@britishcouncil.org
Greece	www.britishcouncil.gr	customerservices@britishcouncil.gr
Hungary	www.britishcouncil.hu	information@britishcouncil.hu
Italy	www.britishcouncil.it	
Lithuania	www.britishcouncil.lt	
Malta	www.britishcouncil.org.mt	mt.information@britishcouncil.org
Netherlands	www.britishcouncil.nl	
Poland	www.britishcouncil.pl	warsaw@britishcouncil.pl
Portugal	www.britishcouncil.pt	
Romania	www.britishcouncil.ro	contact@britishcouncil.ro
Slovakia	www.britishcouncil.sk	info@britishcouncil.sk
Slovenia	www.britishcouncil.si	
Spain	www.britishcouncil.es	Education@britishcouncil.es

(*) where no email is given, you may submit your request via the Contact Us page on the country website.

Study UK



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