Everyday Difficulties arising from Dyslexia

- Reading
- Spelling
- Writing
- Organisation
- Working Memory
- Word Retrieval

Learning to read

Reading to learn

Today's Talk

- Walk a while in my shoes...
- Removing the threat from text
- Something to take away

Family Life in Ancient Eygpt



The people of ancient Egypt highly valued family life. They treasured children and regarded them as a great blessing. In the lower class families, the mother raised the children. The wealthy and nobility, had slaves and servants that helped take care of the children by attending to their daily needs. If a couple had no children, they would pray to the gods and goddesses for help. They would also place letters at the tombs of dead relatives asking them to use their influence with the gods. Magic was also used as an attempt to have children. In event that a couple still could not conceive a child, adoption was also an option.

Although women were expected to obey their fathers and husbands, they were equal to men in many ways. They had the legal right to participate in business deals, own land, and were expected to represent themselves in court cases. Women even faced the same penalties as men. Sometimes wives and mothers of pharaohs were the "real" ruling power in government, though they ruled unknowingly to common people. Queen Hatshepsut was the only woman who ruled out right by declaring herself pharaoh. An Egyptian wife and mother were highly respected in this ancient society.

Young boys learned a trade or craft from their fathers or an artisan. Young girls worked and received their training at home with their mothers. Those who could afford it sent their sons, from about the age 7, to school to study religion, reading, writing, and arithmetic. Even though there is no evidence of schools for girls, some were home taught to read and write and some even became doctors.

Huw cuold wumen exqect to di triated dy the law?

Which text?



The people of ancient Egypt highly valued family life. They treasured children and regarded them as a great blessing. In the lower class families, the mother raised the children. The wealthy and nobility, had slaves and servants that helped take care of the children by attending to their daily needs. If a couple had no children, they would pray to the gods and goddesses for help. They would also place letters at the tombs of dead relatives asking them to use their influence with the gods. Magic was also used as an attempt to have children. In the event that a couple still could not conceive a child, adoption was also an option.

Although women were expected to obey their fathers and husbands, they were equal to men in many ways. They had the legal right to participate in business deals, own land, and were expected to represent themselves in court cases. Women even faced the same penalties as men. Sometimes wives and mothers of pharaohs were the "real" ruling power in government, though they ruled unknowingly to common people. Queen Hatshepsut was the only woman who ruled out right by declaring herself pharaoh. An Egyptian wife and mother were highly respected in this ancient society.

Young boys learned a trade or craft from their fathers or an artisan. Young girls worked and received their training at home with their mothers. Those who could afford it sent their sons, from about the age 7, to school to study religion, reading, writing, and arithmetic. Even though there is no evidence of schools for girls, some were home taught to read and write and some even became doctors.

Practical Tips for Working with Text

- Photocopy when possible
- consider colour
- one side only
- Use highlighters, post-its, scissors etc
- Remove noise
- Consider text length
- Is it necessary?
- Can it be introduced gradually?
- Ereaders, text-to-speech

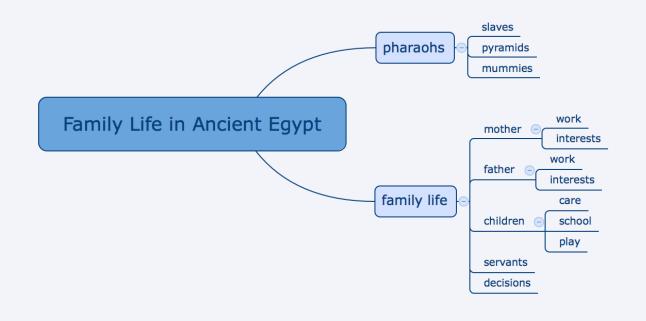
http://www.robobraille.org



Background Knowledge

- engages learner
- personalises subject
- makes relevant vocabulary active
- focuses thought
- encourages metacognition
- provides opportunities for collaboration and peerteaching

Collating knowledge



Collating knowledge

Title: Family Life in Ancient Egypt

Things I know already:

pharaohs pyramids mummies

Egypt:
hot tunics walked funny eye make-up

families:

parents children grandparents pets

home:

jobs food house

work:

school at home away from home money servants

hobbies:

games grown-ups music

Collating knowledge

Title: Family Life in Ancient Egypt
Things I knew already:
1
2
3
4
5
6
Things I learned: 1
from
2
from
3
from

Before Reading



Title

Headings

???

The first sentence of each paragraph will present the new idea. Highlighting those sentences and reading them will help to learner to grasp the structure of the text more easily.

Inferring

Feeling her usual anxiety, Anna opened the door, straightened her shoulders and walked in.

Other Techniques

- Cause and effect
- Hot Seat
- Personification

Some Links

Text conversion for TTS and ereaders:

http://www.robobraille.org

Academic language and comprehension:

http://www.jeffzwiers.org/index.html

• Free online mind-mapping tool:

https://coggle.it

Bríd Ní Chatháin

db.literacymatters@gmail.com

https://www.facebook.com/pages/Dyslexia-Berlin/913547038706296